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Top leaders meet in Pyongyang for 5th inter-Korean summit

Supreme Leader Kim Jong Un holds talks with s. Korean counterpart

The historic fifth north-south summit talks took place at the office building the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea on September 18.

Kim Jong Un, chairman of the Workers' Party of Korea and chairman of the State Affairs Commission of the DPRK, held talks with south Korean President Moon Jae In.

Supreme The warmly Leader greeted the President who visited the office building of the Workers' Party of Korea and had a photo taken with him.

Before the talks, the south Korean President wrote in the visitors' book of the WPK office building in commemoration of the historic Pyongyang north-south summit: "Single is the mind of all



fellow countrymen for peace and prosperity! September 18, 2018. President of the Republic of Korea Moon Jae In"

At the talks there was an in-depth exchange of opinions on various

issues arising in further accelerating the development of inter-Korean relations by fully implementing the Panmunjom Declaration in an allround way.

The top leaders of both sides

highly appreciated the present state of the north-south ties that have positively developed on good terms since two rounds of meetings and talks held successfully this year, and had a frank and candid conversation over important issues of mutual concern.

Present at the talks from the north side were Kim Yong Chol, vice-chairman of the WPK Central Committee, Kim Yo Jong, first deputy department director of the WPK Central Committee, from the south side were Jong Ui Yong,

chief of the National Security Office of the Blue House, and So Hun, director of the National Intelligence Service.

Compiled from KCNA



Moon Jae In arrives in Pyongyang, received by Kim Jong Un at airport

south Korean President Moon Jae In, who was to visit Pyongyang for the historic north-south summit, at Pyongyang International Airport on September 18.

Supreme Leader Kim Jong Un came out to the airport with his wife Ri Sol Ju.

Seen at the airport were Kim Yong Nam, member of the Presidium of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly of the DPRK; Choe Ryong Hae, member of the Presidium of the Political Bureau of the WPK Central Committee. vice-chairman of the State Affairs Commission of the DPRK and vice-chairman of the WPK

Supreme Leader Kim Jong Un warmly greeted Central Committee; Kim Yong Chol and Ri Su Yong, vice-chairmen of the WPK Central Committee; Ri Yong Ho, minister of Foreign Affairs; Army General Kim Su Gil, director of the General Political Bureau of the Korean People's Army; Army General No Kwang Chol, minister of the People's Armed Forces; Kim Nung O, chairman of the Pyongyang Municipal Committee of the WPK; Ri Son Gwon, chairman of the Committee for the Peaceful Reunification of the Country; and Cha Hui Rim, chairman of the Pyongyang Municipal People's Committee.

The plane carrying the south Korean President and his party touched down at Pyongyang International Airport at 10 a.m.

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Kim Jong Un and Ri Sol Ju greeted Moon Jae In and his wife Kim Jung Sook.

He warmly welcomed the south Korean President to Pyongyang.

Moon Jae In expressed his deep thanks to Kim Jong Un for warmly greeting him at the airport.

Schoolchildren presented bunches of flowers to Moon Jae In and his wife.

He was accompanied by official entourage Jong Ui Yong, chief of the National Security Office of the Blue House; Jo Myong Gyun, minister of Unification; Kang Kyong Hwa, minister of Foreign Affairs; Song Yong Mu, minister of Defence; To Jong Hwan, minister of Culture, Sports and Tourism; Kim Hyon Mi, minister of Land and Transport; Kim Yong Chun, minister of Oceans and Fisheries; So Hun, director of the National Intelligence Service; Kim Jae Hyon, minister of the Korea Forest Service; Ju Yong Hun, head of the Presidential Security Service; Kim Hyon Chol, adviser to the president for economic affairs; Kim Jong Chon, chief protocol secretary of the Blue House; Yun Kon Yong, chief of the State Affairs Planning

Office of the Blue House; and Kim Ui Gyom, spokesman for the Blue House; special entourage consisting of personages of various circles and journalists.

There was a ceremony of welcoming Moon Jae In.

Both the top leaders of the north and south reviewed the honour guard of the services of the Korean People's Army amid the firing of 21-gun salute.

They mounted a stand to review the march-past of the honour guard.

They waved back to the warmly cheering crowds, walking past them.

The car carrying Moon Jae In headed towards the Paekhwawon State Guesthouse, escorted by motorcycles.

Along the route, more than 100 000 citizens welcomed with compatriotism Moon Jae In and his party visiting Pyongyang for another

historic inter-Korean summit.

Kim Jong Un got on an open limousine with Moon Jae In at the entrance to Ryonmot-dong.

They waved back to the cheering crowds.

The open car carrying the top leaders arrived at the Paekhwawon State Guesthouse.

Kim Jong Un together with Ri Sol Ju guided Moon Jae In and Kim Jung Sook to the lodging place.

Employees of the guesthouse presented bouquets to Moon Jae In and his wife and warmly welcomed them.

Compiled from KCNA





Art performance given to welcome Moon Jae In

An art performance was given on September 18 to welcome south Korean President Moon Jae In on a visit to Pyongyang for the historic north-south summit.

Kim Jong Un, chairman of the Workers' Party of Korea and chairman of the State Affairs Commission of the DPRK, and his wife Ri Sol Ju saw the performance together with Moon Jae In and his wife.

The Supreme Leader and his wife warmly greeted the President and his wife outside the Pyongyang Grand Theatre.

Performers presented the numbers vividly reflecting the unanimous desire of all Koreans for national reunification and brimming with national flavour, such as orchestral music for kayagum *Arirang*, male solo *Thinking of Friend* and string ensemble and song *Morning Star*, through graceful melodies and polished dance rhythms.

Songs popular among the south Korean people and world-famous songs were also put on the stage.

The performers presented light music My Country Is Best and song and dance Let's Rush to the Future to enliven the atmosphere in the venue.

The performance was greatly acclaimed by the audience.

A floral basket in the name of the south Korean President and his wife was presented to the performers.

The Supreme Leader mounted the stage with the President to congratulate the performers on their successful performance.

The President and his wife expressed deep thanks to them for their warm welcome and excellent



performance.

The performance was also seen by south Korean personnel and DPRK

Party and government officials.

Kim Jong Un hosts banquet for s. Korean leader

Kim Jong Un, chairman of the Workers' Party of Korea and chairman of the State Affairs Commission of the DPRK, arranged a banquet for south Korean President Moon Jae In on September 18.

Supreme Leader Kim Jong Un and his wife Ri Sol Ju warmly greeted President Moon Jae In and his wife Kim Jung Sook at the hall of the Mokran House.

Kim Jong Un delivered a welcoming address.

He warmly welcomed Moon Jae In

and Kim Jung Sook to Pyongyang, expressing his gladness of meeting them and personages of the south side again in the autumn of fecundity after the meeting in the spring of efflorescence.

Moon Jae In spoke in reply.

He expressed thanks to Kim Jong Un for inviting him to Pyongyang, not forgetting the promise to meet again in autumn, and for giving him a cordial reception.

Invited to the banquet were Jong Ui Yong, chief of the National Security Office of the Blue House, Jo Myong Gyun, minister of Unification, Kang Kyong Hwa, minister of Foreign Affairs, Song Yong Mu, minister of Defence, To Jong Hwan, minister of Culture, Sports and Tourism, Kim Hyon Mi, minister of Land and Transport, Kim Yong Chun, minister of Oceans and Fisheries, So Hun, director of the National Intelligence Service, Kim Jae Hyon, minister of the Korea Forest Service, and other members of the entourage of the south side.

Present there were Kim Yong Nam, member of the Presidium of the Political Bureau of the WPK Central Committee and president of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly of the DPRK; Kim Yong Chol and Ri Su Yong, vice-chairmen of the WPK Central Committee; Army General No Kwang Chol, minister of the People's Armed Forces; Kim Yo Jong, first deputy department director of the WPK Central Committee; Kim Nung O, chairman of the Pyongyang Municipal Committee of the WPK; Ri Son Gwon, chairman of the Committee for the Peaceful Reunification of the Country; and other officials of the Party, government and army.

Compiled from KCNA





Supreme Leader calls at guesthouse to go on with talks

Supreme Leader Kim Jong Un on September 19 visited the Paekhwawon State Guesthouse, where south Korean President Moon Jae In stayed, to hold the second-day talks.

He and his wife Ri Sol Ju visited the guesthouse, exchanged warm greetings and had a pleasant chat with their south Korean counterparts.

Present at the talks from the north side was Kim Yong Chol, vice-chairman of the WPK Central Committee, and from the south side was So Hun, director of the National Intelligence Service.

The talks reaffirmed the will of both sides to implement the historic Panmunjom Declaration to the letter and formulated important matters to be maintained in implementing the declaration and detailed measures as well and agreed on a series of immediate practical steps to be taken by the north and the south.

The top leaders had an in-depth

discussion of ways of steadily taking measures, which meet the requirements of the era of reconciliation and cooperation and fully guarantee the current development of relations, on the basis of the precious success and experience they achieved and gained as they dramatically reversed the inter-Korean relationship of extreme hostility and confrontation and brought about startling changes and fruits by making sincere efforts with the viewpoint and attitude of pooling minds and intentions

and respecting and trusting each other.

This year's three rounds of inter-Korean summit meetings and talks have showed the new appearance of dialogue settling issues with trust and cooperation, away from the old habit of mistrust and disputes, and marked historic turning points replacing the past of confrontation and severance with a new era of dialogue and cooperation.





Both leaders sign joint declaration

DPRK Supreme Leader Kim Jong Un signed the September Pyongyang Joint Declaration, together with south Korean counterpart Moon Jae In on September 19.

When Kim Jong Un and Moon Jae In signed the declaration, the participants burst into applause.

The top leaders of the north and the south exchanged the copies of the declaration and had a photo taken in celebration of the birth of the September Pyongyang Joint Declaration.

The historic declaration set an important milestone in further accelerating the development of inter-Korean relations and in ushering in a new golden age of national reconciliation and unity and peace and prosperity by faithfully implementing the April 27 Panmunjom Declaration in full measure in line with the unanimous aspirations and demand of all the fellow countrymen.

Then a north-south military agreement for implementing the Panmunjom Declaration was signed.

Army General No Kwang Chol, minister of the People's Armed Forces, and Song Yong Mu, minister of Defence, signed the agreement on behalf of both sides.

Compiled from KCNA









Statements released on joint declaration

Kim Jong Un and Moon Jae In made joint statements on the September Pyongyang Joint Declaration on September 19.

Supreme Leader Kim Jong Un said that he signed the historic declaration together with President Moon Jae In with a rich harvest in the implementation of the Panmunjom Declaration.

He referred to the serious discussion made on the issues of further accelerating the progress of north-south relations so as to give steady continuity to a new era of national reconciliation and peace and prosperity.

He noted that they discussed the practical measures to comprehensively develop the inter-Korean ties on the principle of national independence, signed a military agreement and committed themselves to striving to make the Korean peninsula a land of peace free from nuclear weapons and

He said that they also discussed the detailed ways to reenergize visits, contacts, many-sided dialogue and cooperation and diverse exchanges between people of all social standings so as to make the current toward national reconciliation and reunification flow steadily in the 3 000-ri land of the north and south of Korea.

The declaration reflects the mind of the nation full of new hope, the spirit of the fellow countrymen burning their hearts with the strong will to reunify the country and the dream of all of us which will come true before long, he said.

Saying he promised President Moon Jae In that he would visit Seoul, he expressed his determination to always take the lead in the sacred journey toward peace and prosperity hand in hand with him.

President Moon Jae In said that the south and the north agreed on clearing the Korean peninsula of all dangers that may lead to a war and on operating the "south-north joint military committee" so as to constantly discuss the issues concerning the implementation of the agreed points.

He noted that both sides committed themselves to closely discussing and cooperating with the international community for the complete denuclearization of the Korean peninsula.

Huge historic events have been taking place in and around the Korean peninsula since the announcement of the historic Panmunjom Declaration, he said, emphasizing that both sides agreed to further expand exchanges and cooperation and take practical steps for the balanced development of the nation's economy.

Noting that Chairman Kim Jong Un readily accepted his request for a Seoul visit, he expressed his conviction that his Seoul visit would mark a turning point in inter-Korean ties.

Today, Chairman Kim Jong Un clearly indicated the way for the denuclearization of the Korean peninsula and complied with the desire of all the fellow countrymen and the world to be free from nuclear weapons, nuclear threat and war, he said, stressing that he pays deep respects for Kim Jong Un's definite decision and practice.

Affirming that inter-Korean relations will make steady progress, he expressed his joy over the fact that the seeds of peace and prosperity were sown on the Korean peninsula last spring and the fruits of peace and prosperity are being borne in Pyongyang this autumn.



September Pyongyang Joint Declaration

Kim Jong Un, chairman of the State Affairs Commission of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and Moon Jae In, president of the Republic of Korea, signed the September Pyongyang Joint Declaration on September 19. The full text of the declaration reads:

Chairman Kim Jong Un of the State Affairs Commission of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and President Moon Jae In of the Republic of Korea held north-south summit talks in Pyongyang from September 18 to 20, 2018

The top leaders appreciated that after the historic Panmunjom Declaration, wonderful achievements were witnessed such as close dialogue and negotiations between the authorities of the north and the south, multilateral NGO exchanges and cooperation and important measures for the easing of military tension.

They reconfirmed the principles of national independence and national selfdetermination and agreed to develop the inter-Korean ties in a consistent and sustained way for national reconciliation, cooperation and solid peace and common prosperity and to strive to guarantee by policy the realization of the aspirations of all the fellow countrymen to lead the present improved northsouth ties to reunification.

They had a frank and in-depth discussion of all issues and practical measures for advancing the north-south ties onto a new high stage by thoroughly implementing the Panmunjom Declaration, and shared the understanding that the Pyongyang summit would mark an important historic turning point, before declaring as follows:

1. The north and the south decided to lead the termination of military hostility in the areas of confrontation including the Demilitarized Zone to the substantial removal of the danger of war and fundamental eradication of hostility in the whole of the Korean peninsula.

First, the north and the south agreed to adopt the "military agreement to implement the Panmunjom Declaration" concluded in the period of the Pyongyang summit talks as an annexe to the Pyongyang Joint Declaration, strictly adhere to and sincerely implement it and take practical measures proactively to make the Korean peninsula a lasting peace zone.

Second, the north and the south agreed to put the north-south joint military committee in operation as early as possible, examine the implementation of the military agreement and have constant contact and discussion for the prevention of accidental armed clashes.

2. The north and the south decided to take practical measures to further boost exchanges and cooperation and to develop the nation's economy in a balanced way on the principle of mutual benefits and common interests and prosperity.

First, the north and the south agreed to hold groundbreaking ceremonies for reconnecting severed railways and roads on the east and west coasts and modernizing them within this year.

Second, the north and the south agreed to put the operation of the Kaesong Industrial Park and Mt Kumgang tourism on normal track first as conditions

Kim Jong Un

chairman of the State Affairs Commission of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea get ripe and hold consultations over the establishment of the West Sea joint special economic zone and the East Sea joint special tourism zone.

Third, the north and the south agreed to actively promote the north-south environmental cooperation for the protection and restoration of the natural ecosystem and to work primarily to achieve practical success in the cooperation project in the forestry field now underway.

Fourth, the north and the south agreed to bolster up cooperation in the anti-epidemic and public health fields including emergency measures for the prevention of inflow and spread of infectious diseases.

3. The north and the south decided to further promote humanitarian cooperation for the fundamental settlement of the issue of separated families and relatives.

First, the north and the south agreed to open the reunion building for separated families and relatives in the Mt Kumgang area as early as possible and to restore its facilities at an early date to this end.

Second, the north and the south agreed to discuss and settle the issue of online meeting and exchange of video messages between separated families and relatives on a priority basis through Red Cross talks.

4. The north and the south decided to actively promote cooperation and exchanges in various fields so as to stoke the atmosphere of reconciliation and unity and demonstrate at home and abroad the stamina of the Korean nation.

First, the north and the south agreed to further boost exchanges in the fields of culture and the arts and to ensure the Pyongyang art troupe's performance in Seoul within October above all.

Second, the north and the south agreed to make active joint advance to international games including the 2020 Summer Olympic Games and to cooperate to win a joint bid to host the 2032 Summer Olympics.

Third, the north and the south agreed to hold significant events to meaningfully commemorate the 11th anniversary of the October 4 Declaration, to jointly commemorate the centenary of the March First Popular Uprising and to discuss technical plans for them.

5. The north and the south shared the view that the Korean peninsula should be turned into a peace zone free from nuclear weapons and nuclear threat and necessary practical progress should be made as early as possible to this end.

First, the north side decided to permanently shut down the Tongchang-ri engine test ground and rocket launch pad in the presence of experts from related countries above all.

Second, the north side expressed its willingness to continue to take additional steps such as the permanent shutdown of the Nyongbyon nuclear facility if the United States takes corresponding steps in line with the spirit of the June 12 DPRK-US joint statement.

Third, the north and the south agreed to closely cooperate in the course of pushing ahead with the complete denuclearization of the Korean peninsula.

6. Chairman of the State Affairs Commission Kim Jong Un agreed to visit Seoul in the near future at the invitation of President Moon Jae In.

Moon Jae In

president of the Republic of Korea

September 19, 2018

S. Korean leader plants tree, visits places in Pyongyang



President Moon Jae In while in Pyongyang planted a tree at Paekhwawon on September 19.

He planted the tree together with Choe Ryong Hae, member of the Presidium of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, vice-chairman of the State Affairs Commission of the DPRK and vice-chairman of the WPK Central Committee.

Present at the tree-planting were the official entourage of the south side.

It was also attended by Kim

Nung O, chairman of the WPK Pyongyang Municipal Committee; Ri Son Gwon, chairman of the Committee for the Peaceful Reunification of the Country; Jang Hyok, minister of Railways; Kim Kyong Jun, minister of Land and Environment Protection; Kang Yong Su, minister of Urban Management; Cha Hui Rim, chairman of the Pyongyang Municipal People's Committee; and working people and schoolchildren in Pyongyang.

Moon Jae In explained why he brought a goldenrain tree, before planting the tree together with Choe Ryong Hae.

After the tree-planting, the participants posed for a photograph in front of a monument and tree.

President Moon Jae In and

his wife visited the Mansudae Art Studio in Pyongyang on September 19.

Officials and employees of the art studio greeted Moon Jae In and his wife with warm compatriotic feelings.

The President and his wife were deeply impressed as they saw Korean paintings, a large Koryo celadon and other masterpieces of national treasure value at the art work exhibition hall.

Moon Jae In made an entry in the visitors' book.

That day, Moon's wife and some suite members also looked round hobby group rooms at the Mangyongdae Schoolchildren's Palace and saw an art performance.

Leaders enjoy gala performance where they speak to delight of audience

Kim Jong Un, chairman of the Workers' Party of Korea and chairman of the State Affairs Commission of the DPRK, saw a grand mass gymnastics and artistic performance together with south Korean President Moon Jae In at May Day Stadium on September 19.

Supreme Leader Kim Jong Un and his wife Ri Sol Ju appeared at the platform together with President Moon Jae In and his wife Kim Jung Sook.

The audience enthusiastically welcomed the top leaders of the north and south of Korea.

Children presented fragrant bouquets to the top leaders and their wives.

The performers presented an excellent performance characterized by beautiful and graceful rhythms, dynamic gymnastics, rich national flavour, artistic skills and everchanging scenes of the large-scale background.

A special act was presented to welcome President Moon Jae In visiting Pyongyang for the historic inter-Korean summit.

The stadium was brimming with enthusiasm for national reconciliation and unity widespread on the 3 000-ri land of Korea when the background screen showing the significant Panmunjom summit, which marked the starting line of history for ushering in a new era of reunification by the concerted efforts of the Korean nation, highlighted the great significance of the April 27 declaration once again.



After the performance was over, Kim Jong Un made a speech.

He said that he reaped another fruit representing a fresh landmark in the development of north-south relations at the current meeting with President Moon Jae In and expressed his thanks for his tireless efforts.

Moon Jae In extended his sincere

gratitude to Pyongyang citizens for warmly greeting them and according cordial hospitality with compatriotic feelings and expressed his determination to improve the inter-Korean ties in an all-round way so as to bring earlier the peaceful future.

After their speeches were over, thunderous cheers went up again and

fireworks were set off to beautifully decorate the nocturnal sky of September.

The top leaders waved back to the cheering performers and the audience in congratulation of the successful performance.

Compiled from KCNA

Luncheon hosted in honour of President Moon

Kim Jong Un had a luncheon with President Moon Jae In on a visit to Pyongyang for the historic inter-Korean summit.

Kim Jong Un and his wife Ri Sol Ju warmly greeted Moon Jae In at the Okryu Restaurant on September 19.

Present at the luncheon were senior Party and government officials of the DPRK and the suite members of the south Korean President.

When the Supreme Leader and his wife entered the hall for the luncheon, together with the President and his wife, the participants welcomed them with enthusiastic applause.

The luncheon proceeded in an amicable atmosphere.

Compiled from KCNA



Dinner arranged for s. Korean leader

Kim Jong Un had a dinner with south Korean President Moon Jae In at the Pyongyang Taedonggang Fish Restaurant on September 19.

Pyongyang citizens enthusiastically welcomed the top leaders of the north and the south, being so excited and delighted to see them visiting the restaurant unexpectedly.

Supreme Leader Kim Jong Un and

President Moon Jae In warmly waved back to the enthusiastically cheering citizens.

The dinner proceeded in an amicable atmosphere.

Prior to the dinner, the south Korean President and his wife had pleasant chats with Pyongyang citizens at the restaurant.



Kim Jong Un and Moon Jae In climb up ancestral mountain of Paektu

Kim Jong Un, chairman of the Workers' Party of Korea and chairman of the DPRK State Affairs Commission, came to Samjiyon Airport together with his wife Ri Sol Ju on September 20 to greet the south Korean President Moon Jae In who would tour Mt Paektu, sacred mountain of the Korean nation, under the gaze of people at home and abroad.

He was accompanied by Kim Yong Chol, vice-chairman of the WPK Central Committee; Army General No Kwang Chol, minister of the People's Armed Forces; Ri

Son Gwon, chairman of the Committee for the Peaceful Reunification of the Country; Ri Sang Won, chairman of the Ryanggang Provincial Committee of the WPK; and Ri Song Guk, chairman of the Ryanggang Provincial People's Committee.

At 8:15 a.m. the plane carrying



Moon Jae In and his party touched down on Samjiyon Airport.

Supreme Leader Kim Jong Un and Ri Sol Ju exchanged greetings with President Moon Jae In and his wife Kim Jung Sook.

Also arrived at the airport were the official entourage of the south side,

specifically Jong Ui Yong, chief of the National Security Office of the Blue House; Jo Myong Gyun, minister of Unification; Kang Kyong Hwa, minister of Foreign Affairs; Song Yong Mu, minister of Defence; To Jong Hwan, minister of Culture, Sports and Tourism; Kim Hyon Mi, minister of

Land and Transport; Kim Yong Chun, minister of Oceans and Fisheries; So Hun, director of the National Intelligence Service; Kim Jae Hyon, minister of the Korea Forest Service; Ju Yong Hun, head of the Presidential Security Service; Kim Hyon Chol, adviser to the president for economic affairs; Kim Jong Chon, chief protocol secretary of the Blue House; Yun Kon Yong, chief of the State Affairs Planning Office of the Blue House; and Kim Ui Gyom, spokesman for the Blue House; and personages of various circles who made up the special entourage.

There was a ceremony to welcome President Moon Jae In.

The two leaders and their wives left for Mt Paektu together with the entourage of the south side.

On the morning they climbed up

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the mountain, accompanied by the personages of both sides.

On top of Janggun Peak, the highest peak of Mt Paektu, the leaders feasted their eyes on the beautiful and magnificent peaks, the thrilling view of the shores of the crystal-clear Lake Chon and a sea of forests stretching extensively like the blood vessels of the Korean nation.

Moon Jae In expressed his strong impression of the sacred mountain

associated with the soul and spirit of the nation and his expectation and conviction that the day's first step would lead to a new era sought by all the fellow countrymen.

The top leaders and their wives had a photograph taken to cherish the memory of the moment.

They descended to the shores of Lake Chon and exchanged their impressions of the ascent of the mountain as they strolled.

On the lakeside they posed for another group photo.

That day Kim Jong Un hosted a

luncheon for Moon Jae In by Lake Samji.

The reception was attended by the entourage of the south side at invitation and senior officials of the north side as well.

The party proceeded in an amicable atmosphere brimming with compatriotism.

Prior to the luncheon, the top leaders and their wives had a picture taken with the lakeside for a background.

The Supreme Leader and the President had a pleasant conversation as they strolled along the lakeside

commanding a view of Mt Paektu.

Kim Jong Un said good-bye to Moon Jae In who would return after wrapping up his three-day summit schedule.

On Thursday afternoon Kim Jong Un and Ri Sol Ju greeted Moon Jae In and his wife at Samjiyon Airport.

The top leaders exchanged warm

Moon Jae In and his party got aboard the plane amid a warm send-off by the people of Samjiyon County.

Compiled from KCNA

S. Korean personages visit places, meet officials while in Pyongyang

Kim Jung Sook, wife of south Korean President Moon Jae In, and some members of the entourage visited the Okryu Children's Hospital and Kim Won Gyun University of Music on September 18.

Ri Sol Ju, wife of Supreme Leader Kim Jong Un, and Pak Thae Song, vice-chairman of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, warmly greeted them at the hospital and university and accompanied them.

Kim Jung Sook looked round a convalescent ward, study room for primary school pupils and other places of the hospital, and had chats with children under medical treatment and their mothers.

She and her entourage also made the rounds of the university including a lecture hall of the vocal music department and saw a performance of its orchestra at the concert hall.

Kim Yong Nam, member of the Presidium of the

Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly of the DPRK, talked with Jo Myong Gyun, minister of Unification; Kang Kyong Hwa, minister of Foreign Affairs; Song Yong Mu, minister of Defence; To Jong Hwan, minister of Culture, Sports and Tourism; Kim Hyon Mi, minister of Land and Transport; Kim Yong Chun, minister of Oceans

and Fisheries; Kim Jae Hyon, minister of the Korea Forest Service; and some members of the special entourage at the Mansudae Assembly Hall on September 18.

Present there were Pak Myong Chol, director of the Secretariat and member of the Presidium of the Central Committee of the Democratic Front for the Reunification of Korea; Ri Jong Hyok, director of the National Reunification Institute; Cha Hui Rim, chairman of the Pyongyang Municipal People's Committee; Jon Jong Su, vicechairman of the Committee for the Peaceful Reunification of the Country; and officials concerned.

The talk proceeded in a compatriotic atmosphere.

On September 19, Kim Yong Nam had a talk with Lee Hae Chan, representative of the Democratic Party, Jong Tong Yong, representative of the Party for Democracy and Peace, and Lee Jong Mi, representative of the Justice Party, who belonged to the special entourage at the Mansudae Assembly Hall.

Kim Yong Dae, vice-president of the Presidium of the DPRK Supreme People's Assembly, had a talk with south Korean public figures, who were the special entourage of President Moon Jae In, at the People's Palace of Culture on September

On the same day, Deputy Premier Ri Ryong Nam met with Kim Hyon Chol, adviser to the president for economic affairs who belonged to the official entourage of President Moon Jae In, and the south side's economic personages who were special suite members.

South Korean personages visited Pyongyang Teachers Training College and Tree Nursery No. 122 on September 19.



PHOTOS BY KCNA

Kim Yong Nam (fourth from right), president of Presidium of the DPRK Supreme People's Assembly, meets with south Korean officials



Members of south Korea's presidential entourage look on during their visit to Pyongyang Teachers Training College.