Another event of great significance recorded in developing strategic force of DPRK
Test fire of new-type ICBM conducted
General Secretary Kim Jong Un guides test fire of ICBM Hwasongpho-18

As part of the efforts to bolster the legitimate right to self-defence to reliably defend the security of our state and regional peace from disaster of a nuclear war and thoroughly deter the dangerous military moves of the hostile forces, the General Missile Bureau conducted the test fire of new-...
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A breakthrough of an unprecedented nuclear war, while dispelling nuclear-powered subversion and nuclear strategic bomber’s nuclear possibility, is under the control of the DPRK’s nuclear order. The new ICBM test will be conducted in a new way, based on the nuclear order, and in a new direction, a new direction, and in a new manner, to achieve the highest level of modernization of the nuclear order.

The test fire is an essential process aimed at further developing the strategic force of the DPRK and, at the same time, serving as a strong practical warning to show the DPRK’s determination to increase its nuclear capability and to overwhelm the nuclear threat to the DPRK. The test fire will be conducted in a new way, to achieve the highest level of modernization of the nuclear order.

Kim Jong Un, general secretary of the Workers’ Party of Korea and president of the State Affairs of the DPRK, personally guided the test fire of a new-type ICBM Hwasongpho-18 on the spot.

The test fire was aimed at reconfirming the technical credibility and operational credibility of the new-type ICBM weapon system.

In consideration of the security of the neighboring countries and the security of domestic and international situations, the test fire was conducted in the way of setting the first stage as a standard ballistic flight mode and the second and third stages as high-altitude flight modes and confirming the technical specifications of every component of the weapon system in the maximum range system.

When the test fire was conducted, the central command and control post was to approve the test fire of a new-type strategic weapon, General Kim Jong Suk, issued a launch order to the Second Red Flag Company under the General Munitions Bureau. In charge of the test fire mission.

The moment, a grand explosion heralding the entry of the strategic weapon fully loaded with our strength and technology in front of global sight, and the sky, blowing a show-off of fire.

The missile traveled up to a maximum altitude of 6,440 km and flew a distance of 1,091 km at a 4-4 km altitude elevation on the present area in the open waters of the East Sea of Korea. All the new records confirmed through the test fire proved the capability, reliability, and military utility of the new-type strategic weapon system and undoubtedly verified the dependability of the new strategic form of the DPRK.

The Hwasongpho-18 weapon system, to be equipped and operated by the DPRK’s strategic force of the DPRK under the long-term plan for building the state’s strategic force, will perform its mission and duty as the most powerful, ever main force means for thoroughly deterring and overwhelming replying responding to diverse nuclear war threat and provoking acts of aggression against the DPRK and reliably deterring the security of the DPRK.

Expressing great satisfaction over the results of the test fire, the respected Comrade Kim Jong Un said with pleasure that this important success which powerfully demonstrated the might of the DPRK, fully equipped with the powerful nuclear weapon for self-defense and the overwhelming offensive power constitutes another important stride in developing the strategic force of the DPRK.

Noting that the present unstable situation in which the security environment on the Korean peninsula is being seriously threatened by the hostile forces, he once again stressed the need for more intense efforts to implement the line of bolstering nuclear war deterrent set forth by the Eighth Congress of the WPK, and clarified again that there will be no change and variation in the strategic line and policy of the WPK, and the DPRK government to steadily accelerate the development of more developed, effective and reliable weapon systems.

Saying that as the reality shows, it is a recognized law that only more surprising events will continually be recorded in the DPRK’s advance for increasing the national defense capability as the hostile forces’ military threats and challenges get even more escalated, he reaffirmed that a series of stronger military offensive efforts will be launched until the US imperialists and the south Korean puppet military authorities admit their shameful defeat of these useless hostile policy toward the DPRK in disarray and give up their policy.

He set forth the strategic tasks for the sector of the national defense science and technology, dynamically promoting the building of the nuclear strategic force of the DPRK, and extended warm congratulations and thanks to all the scientists and technicians in the national defense scientific research field who pioneered the times and formed a history of eternal victory with the great success in the test of new strategic weapons system ahead of the significant 70th anniversary of the war victory won by the great Korean people by totally slaying the myth of the “impossibility” of the US imperialists.

All the national defense scientists and technicians made a firm pledge to fulfill their important mission and they stressed once again before the Party, revolution, country and people...
Battalions of Party members dispatched to help rural construction in Ryangang

The Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea (WPK) and the Central Committee of the Korean Democratic Youth League (KDYL) dispatched a number of battalions of Party and youth members to the Ryangang area in Ryanggang Province with the aim of strengthening construction and urban development of the village. The battalions were formed in the Ryanggang area, and their main task was to carry out construction and urban development projects in the Ryanggang area, and to mobilize the people in the area to support construction projects.

The battalions of Party members dispatched to the Ryanggang area were composed of members of the Munchon District and Hyesan District of the WPK and KDYL. They were dispatched to the Ryanggang area to support a new urban development project in the area.

The battalions were formed in the Ryanggang area as part of efforts to strengthen construction and urban development in the area. The battalions were formed by mobilizing Party members and youth members from the Ryanggang area, and they were directed by the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Central Committee of the Korean Democratic Youth League.

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Commanding officers and members of the battalions of Party members hold holding meetings from July 4 to 7.

Women's union central committee holds enlarged plenary meeting

The Eighth Plenary Meeting of the Central Committee of the Women's Union of Korea (WUK) was held at the Kim Jong Suk Conference Hall, Ryanggang Province on July 12 through July 14. Present were women members of the Central Committee of the WUK, central committee members of the WUK, officials of the WUK, officials of the trade union committees of various departments, and women representatives of the provincial, city and county committees of the WUK.

The report analyzed the current status of the union and the tasks of the union, and emphasized the importance of strengthening the union organization, implementing a new union building and mobilizing women to support construction projects.

The meeting decided that the Eighth Plenary Meeting of the Central Committee of the WUK was held from July 12 to 14 in Ryanggang Province. The meeting discussed the execution of tasks in the eight months of the year and the execution of the eighth task in the year. The meeting held a plenary session on July 12 and 13 in the Kim Jong Suk Conference Hall. The meeting adopted the minutes of the eight plenary meetings of the Central Committee of the WUK for the first half of the year and set tasks for the first half of the year.
River Chongchon-Phyongnang irrigation waterway provides life-giving water to Yomalsomchi Plain

After Korea's liberation, Kim Il Sung had many ideas about the construction of irrigation projects for the people living around the Yomalsomchi Plain, but the project was abandoned for lack of human resources due to a number of reasons. But, the construction project was finally completed in less than eight years after its beginning because of the tremendous work of the Nations, not by means of machinery, but the self-sacrificing activities of the soldiers. Today, the nation of soldiers who worked in the project are living and working material and spiritual wealth. Finally, the entire topographical revolution was completed. Then, the project was put on hold for a while because of the construction project of the large river system. The project was continued in the 1960s, and the project was completed in 1970.

The project, which began in February 1968, was a huge task to do in the rice season, covering an area of more than 200,000 hectares of farmland, and more than 1,500,000 rice farmers. The project was completed in 1968, and the construction of the irrigation system was completed in 1970.

Emphasis is placed on turning the structure of the industrial structure into merchandise economy, labour, and resource-saving, technologically advanced and innovative production systems for producing all sorts of chemical goods with locally available raw materials.

River Chongchon-Phyongnang irrigation waterway was completed in 1968.

Readjustment and reinforcement of chemical industry promoted

It is essential to turn the structure of the industrial structure into modernization. The chemical industry is one of the core industries of the national economy, and its development is essential for the national economy. The chemical industry has been developed over the years, and it is now an important industry in the national economy. The chemical industry has been developed over the years, and it is now an important industry in the national economy.

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Exhibition gives impetus to domestic production and recycling

By Cho Myoing Win PT

The 7th National Invention Exhibition, which opened on June 19, 2010, in Pyay, again spotlighted the creativity and talents of the country’s varied inventors. The exhibition is the national event that showcases the creative work of inventors, including farmers and students. The event aims to inspire and encourage the rental at the Pyay Demonstration Centre, and the Association of Inventors, which promotes the use of waste products for fuel.

The exhibition is open to the public and is expected to attract a large number of visitors.

Mobile welfare service gains in popularity

By Sein Moe Win

The mobile welfare service, which is popular among the youth, has become a significant part of the society. The service provides various welfare services such as health checks, education, and financial assistance.

Kayanar arooses special emotion among listeners

By Nyun Aung Gyi PT

The Kayanar, a folk song from the Kayan tribe, has become a special emotion among the Kayan people. The song, which is about the struggles of the Kayan people, has resonated with the hearts of the people.

The Kayan people have been suffering from various problems such as poverty, discrimination, and forced labor.

The Kayan people have been waiting for the government to take action to solve their problems.

Ceremonies of moving into new houses held in Jagang Province

By Ei Sein

The opening ceremony of the new houses was held in Jagang Province, a northern province of Myanmar. The ceremony was held to mark the completion of the new houses.

The new houses were built for the residents of the village, who have been living in temporary shelter for years.

The event was attended by Governor Hla Thein, who expressed his gratitude and appreciation to the donors and the donors.

Manufacture of many patented products

By Kyaw Soe Win

The production of patented products has increased significantly in recent years. The production of patented products has been increasing due to the increased demand for quality products.

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Microflora technology introduced into eel farming

By Ye Kyaw Moe Chit PT

The use of microflora technology in eel farming has become a common practice. The technology is used to increase the productivity of eel farming.

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Ever-growing DPRK-China friendship

By Cho Yong Yoon

On July 11, 1981, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea (DPRK) and the People’s Republic of China concluded their friendship, cooperation and mutual-benefit cooperation Treaty. That day, the leaders of the two countries signed the agreement, which consolidated the DPRK-China friendship and cooperation Treaty. The two countries have since built a more robust partnership.

The treaty is significant for both sides as it will benefit their joint peace and prosperity. It will bring about a more prosperous and prosperous future for the two countries and render all possible economic and political cooperation.

The Chinese side is deeply convinced that the DPRK-China friendship and cooperation Treaty will help to strengthen the bilateral ties and promote mutual interests.

The Chinese side has always been committed to developing ties with the DPRK and the two countries have established fruitful cooperation in various fields, including politics, economy, culture, education, agriculture, etc.

The Chinese side will continue to support the DPRK in its efforts to maintain peace and security in the region.

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How will Premier League rankings change?

By Han Kwi Hun PT

The second-round matches of the 2022-2023 DPRK men’s and women’s soccer Premier League came to an end.

Experts and fans estimate in their own way which teams would be winners of the fifth Premier League.

Which teams will lift the trophy?

Both experts and fans choose the April 25 team as the odds-on favourite to win the men’s contest.

At the moment, the team, topping the total rankings in the first and second rounds, has its eye on the five consecutive victories.

Experts, however, are of the opinion that the Ryomyong and Sonbong teams in second and third places are likely to become a new winner if they fully display their potentials in the third round.

Yet, it is hard to decide on the winner of the women’s event.

The April 25 and Naegohyang teams are placed first and second with a narrow margin of only two points.

The third-round women’s Premier League would be a close fight between the two teams, with the latter aiming for the fourth victory and the former working towards the goal of winning the contest for the second straight year.

Which team would shoot up in the rankings is another main point at issue.

According to the analysis of the previous four premier leagues, the number of teams that have ever improved their ranks markedly are so small that they can be counted on fingers.

But in the current Premier League, those teams that are expected to rise up over three ranks take a relatively larger proportion than the previous one.

They include the Sonbong, Ryomyong and Hwaebuip teams in the men’s contest and the Wolmido in the women’s event.

In particular, the Sonbong, which was in sixth place in the previous Premier League, has become the focus of attention of experts and fans as it has fully exhibited its remarkable capacity in the current event and it has become almost a fait accompli that it will be up on the winners’ podium.

In the women’s contest the Wolmido, which was placed seventh in the 2021-2022 DPRK Premier League, has now risen to third place.

It has the same points with the Sobaekju in fourth place and three points ahead of the Pyongyang. So it is yet difficult to say that it will surely ride the podium, but it can possibly win third place if it plays the third-round matches successfully.

The third round will begin after two months, during which all teams will have to play 11 matches respectively.

Waterfalls in Sangwon Valley of Mt Myohyang